

| Hypothesis | Evaluation strategy |
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| <p>H1 There is no monotonic trend in the annual frequency of flood events globally and in different latitudinal belts.</p> | <p>Nonparametric Mann–Kendall trend test is applied to the annual time series of flood counts ($F_C^{t,r}$).</p> |
| <p>H2 There is no monotonic trend in the distribution of flood duration globally and in different latitudinal belts.</p> | <p>Nonparametric Mann–Kendall trend test is applied to the annual time series of median, median absolute deviation, resistant skewness, and 90th percentile of the flood duration's distributions ($F_D^{t,r}$).</p> |
| <p>H3 There is no monotonic trend in the annual frequency of short-, moderate-, and long-duration flood events in different latitudinal belts.</p> | <p>Nonparametric Mann-Kendall trend test is applied to the annual time series of short-, moderate-, and long-duration flood events ($Fc_S^{t,r}$, $Fc_M^{t,r}$, $Fc_L^{t,r}$).</p> |
| <p>H4 Any observed trend(s) in H1 and/or H2 is related to atmospheric teleconnections.</p> | <p>Generalized linear models are developed for $F_C^{t,r}$ and $F_D^{t,r}$ using climate indices; Mann–Kendall trend test is applied to the residual of the models.</p> |